Training Information

HOW TO DUSTMOP FLOORS

Tools & Materials Needed:

- A. Dust mop handle and head
- B. Clean damp rags
- C. Putty knife
- D. Dust pan
- E. Counter brush
- F. High duster

Products:

- 1. Dust mop/dust cloth treatment
- 2. Gloves and goggles

Procedures:

- I. Purpose of Dust Mopping
 - A. Remove dust, sand and litter from smooth finished floors.
 - B. Improve the floor's:
 - 1. Appearance
 - 2. Sanitation
 - 3. Safety
 - C. Prolongs the life of the floor surface and finish.
- II. Dust Mopping Procedures

Put on gloves and goggles

- A. Remove movable furniture from area to be cleaned.
- B. All high dusting should be done prior to dust mopping the floor.
- C. Spray dust mop with dust mop/dust cloth treatment.
- D. When dusting a room:
 - 1. Start along the wall, moving in a clockwise or counter-clockwise direction. Try to move from the dirtiest area to the cleanest.
- 2. Push dust and litter towards door or main aisle for pick up.
- 3. Do not raise mop head from the floor.
- E. Scrap up gum and other material which adheres to the floor as you come to it, using the putty knife.
- F. When dusting a hallway or corridor:
- 1. Walk forward, swinging mop rhythmically from left to right.
- 2. Use a five to seven foot stroke, whichever is most comfortable.
- 3. Work from the cleanest area towards the dirtiest.
- G. When using a push stroke:
- 1. Push directly ahead while walking forward.
- 2. Pivot the mop head without lifting it off the floor at the end of each pass.

- 3. Return the same way you came making a two or three inch overlap. H. Use counter brush for hard to dust area such as:
- 1. Corners
- 2. Under desks
- 3. Around doors
- 4. Around cords
 - I. If dust mop is extremely soiled, a new head may be required. Old dust mops should be laundered.
- J. To prevent floor discoloration, avoid using oil on dust mops.
- K. Pick up dust using your counter brush and dust pan.
 L. When finished dusting, vacuum dust mop and hang up.